
Early Pregnancy Bleeding and/or Loss < 20 weeks in the Emergency Department (ED)

****To be used for every patient presenting to the ED with bleeding in early pregnancy.**

NURSING CARE CHECKLIST

Triage Nurse:

- Prioritize patients with heavy vaginal bleeding and/or severe cramping
(*signs of imminent loss*)
- Provide to the patient:
 - Pads and mesh underwear as needed
 - Analgesia (*such as Tylenol*) as per your hospital policy/medical directives
 - Urine collection hat (*Nun's cap*) to collect fetal remains/products of conception
 - Consider giving these materials in an opaque bag (*such as a brown paper bag*) to protect patient privacy and dignity
- Consider obtaining bloodwork
(*such as CBC, Type and Screen, Beta-HCG*) as per your hospital policy/medical directives
- **Ensure that the patient knows what to expect, and to return to triage if bleeding/pain worsens and/or they need anything**

Primary Nurse:

- Attempt to have the same nurse care for this patient throughout their stay
- Advocate to put patient in a room that has a bathroom attached or nearby
 - Consider a room without an automatic flushing toilet or provide patient with Nun's cap (*urine hat*) to allow for collection of fetal remains/products of conception
- Provide to patient (if not already done at triage)
 - Pads and mesh underwear as needed
 - Analgesia as ordered
- Obtain bloodwork as ordered (*if not already done at triage*)
- Keep patient updated on what is happening/what to expect

Continued on page 2

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Primary Nurse continued:

- Offer to call a partner or support person if patient desires
 - Include partner or support person when sharing information or disclosing diagnosis, if patient desires
- Supportive comfort measures:
 - If bedside ultrasound (POCUS) completed, a photo of the ultrasound could be sent to patient's E-chart or offer to the patient to take a photo of the ultrasound on their own phone (*memory keepsake*)
 - Mirror the patient's language when referring to their pregnancy (*e.g. if the patient uses the term "baby," use the term "baby," not "fetus" or "products of conception"*)
 - Small things have big impact (*warm blankets, pillows, phone chargers, etc.*)
 - **Remember: Miscarriage is a medical and emotional emergency**

Discharge Pathways:

OPTION A:

Upon Discharge for **THREATENED MISCARRIAGE** (*not confirmed*):

- Give "Bleeding in Early Pregnancy Patient Information Package"
- Discuss warning signs to return to ED:
 - Severe abdominal pain unrelieved by analgesia
 - Syncope or presyncope
 - Very heavy vaginal bleeding
(*soaking more than 3 pads in 3 hours*)
 - Fever, chills
 - Foul smelling vaginal discharge
- Advocate for a work note
- Encourage to follow up with primary care provider
- Make sure all applicable referrals are made and patient has the information
(*such as referral to a local early pregnancy evaluation clinic, if applicable*)

Continued on page 3

Early Pregnancy Bleeding and/or Loss < 20 weeks in the Emergency Department (ED)

Discharge Pathways *continued:*

OPTION B:

Upon Discharge for CONFIRMED OR COMPLETED MISCARRIAGE:

- Give the “Early Pregnancy Loss Patient Information Package”
- Discuss warning signs to return to ED:
 - Severe abdominal pain unrelieved by analgesia
 - Syncope or presyncope
 - Very heavy vaginal bleeding
(soaking more than 3 pads in 3 hours)
 - Fever, chills
 - Foul smelling vaginal discharge
- Advocate for a work note
- Advocate for analgesia prescription, and discuss pain management considerations with the patient
- Consider offering a referral to ED social worker, with patient consent
- Consider offering a referral to PAIL Network, with patient consent
 - Health care provider can refer, or the patient can self-refer
(Go to <https://pailnetwork.sunnybrook.ca/healthcare-professionals/referral/>)
- Encourage to follow up with primary care provider
- Make sure all applicable referrals are made and patient has the information
(such as referral to a local early pregnancy evaluation clinic, if applicable)

NOTES:

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